Counting Valleys

Gary is an avid hiker. He tracks his hikes meticulously, paying close attention to small details like topography. During his last hike, he took exactly n steps. For every step he took, he noted if it was an uphill or a downhill step. Gary's hikes start and end at sea level. We define the following terms:

- A *mountain* is a non-empty sequence of consecutive steps *above* sea level, starting with a step *up* from sea level and ending with a step *down* to sea level.
- A *valley* is a non-empty sequence of consecutive steps *below* sea level, starting with a step *down* from sea level and ending with a step *up* to sea level.

Given Gary's sequence of *up* and *down* steps during his last hike, find and print the number of *valleys* he walked through.

Input Format

The first line contains an integer, n, denoting the number of steps in Gary's hike.

The second line contains a single string of n characters. Each character is $\in \{U, D\}$ (where U indicates a step up and D indicates a step down), and the i^{th} character in the string describes Gary's i^{th} step during the hike.

Constraints

• $2 \le N \le 10^6$

Output Format

Print a single integer denoting the number of valleys Gary walked through during his hike.

Sample Input

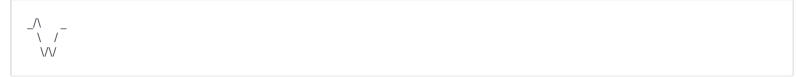
8 UDDDUDUU

Sample Output

1

Explanation

If we represent as sea level, a step up as /, and a step down as \, Gary's hike can be drawn as:



It's clear that there is only one valley there, so we print 1 on a new line.